ZOO332H1S - Part 1 (Mar. 17, 2003) - AJE

Introduction to Programmed Cell Death* in the Nervous System

- 1. Developing Brain
- 2. Mature Neurons

* PCD, a.k.a. apoptosis

cont... Key Molecular Components of PCD

Bcl-2 Family:

both anti-apoptotic and pro-apoptotic members

common feature: contain one or more Bcl-2 homology (BH) domain

Anti-apoptotic members: Bcl-2 and Bcl-x_L; located in outer mitochondrial membrane (and endoplasmic reticulum and perinuclear membrane)

Overexpression studies with Bcl-2 – *in vitro* and in transgenic mice (higher expressors; knock out)

 $Bclx_L$ embryonic lethal (E13) with massive cell death in developing NS

Background

Survival of developing neurons depends upon trophic support - now classic description by Viktor Hamburger and Rita Levi-Montalcini

Neurotrophin hypothesis – immature neurons compete for target-derived trophic factors

Cultured neurons 'require' NGF for survival (why use sympathetic neurons)

Block RNA and protein synthesis

Cells not just die of "starvation"

C. elegans - discovery of programmed cell death genes

Cellular suicide program in vertebrate neurons

cont... Key Molecular Components of PCD

Pro-apoptotic - Bax, Bad (a Bcl-2 family member)

Apaf-1 (CED-4) – transmits apoptotic signals from mitochondrial damage to activate caspases

interacts with cytochrome C released from mitochondria and caspase 9 (complex formation)

>> activation of pro-caspase 9 ("pro" form is inactive)

Activated caspase 9 cleaves pro-caspase 3

"Indisputable" role in neuronal cell death:

- 1. Caspase inhibitors block NGF-deprivation induced PCD
- 2. Caspase inhibitors block PCD by other cytotoxic insults
- 3. K.O.'s of Apaf-1, caspase 9 and caspase 3

Key Molecular Components of PCD

Cysteine proteases – caspases (more than 14)

Mammalian PCD regulated by

Bcl-2 family of proteins

adaptor protein APAF-1 ("apoptotic protease-activating factor 1) caspase 3, caspase 8, caspase 9

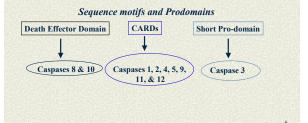
caspase 5, caspase 6, caspase 7

Neurons share same basic apoptosis program with all other cell types

Specificity of regulation: by balance of Bcl-2 and caspase family members

Models and Activation

Simplistic model: neuron-specific caspases not likely Expressed as catalytically inactive proenzymes, 3 parts: NH₂ terminal pro-domain, larger subunit, small subunit



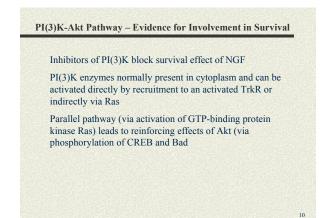
Caspase 3, 9 and Apaf-1

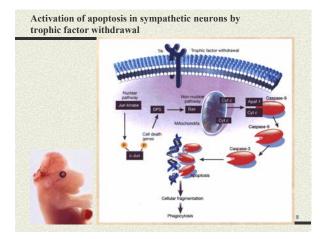
Caspase 3 and 9 are major caspases involved in neuronal cell death

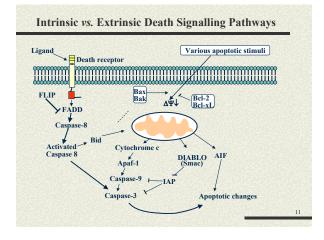
Severe and similar defects appear during embryogenesis in KO mice

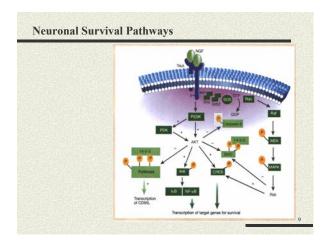
Apaf-1 KO mice - similar phenotype (more severe?)

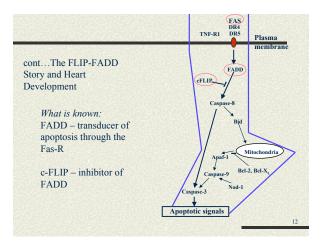


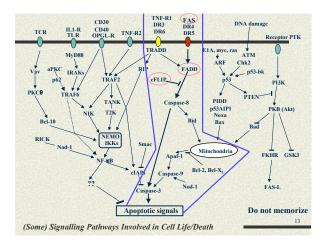












Putting it all back together...

Because an organism is so much more than just a bunch of genes, molecules, and signalling pathways.

